SEMESTER - I &II

ALLIED PRACTICALS - I: BIOTECHNOLOGY

Instructional Hrs: 90 Hours Sub. Code: 16BCUAP01

Max. Marks: CIA -20; ESE -30 Credits: 4

EXPERIMENTS I

- 1) Sterilization
 - a) Physical Sterilization b) Chemical Sterilization
- 2) Media preparation & methods of streaking.
- 3) Isolation of bacteria from curd.
- 4) Staining methods
 - i) Simple staining
 - ii) Gram's staining
 - iii) Negative staining
- 5) Sterilization of culture rooms, glass wares, equipments.
- 6) Antibiotic sensitivity test.

EXPERIMENTS II

- 1) Preparation of MS medium.
- 2) Collection of Explant, surface sterilization, Inoculation of explants.
- 3) Isolation of genomic DNA from plant tissue.
- 4) Isolation of genomic DNA from animal cell.
- 5) Preparation of artificial seed.

DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENTS:

- 1) Hanging drop technique.
- 2) Biometric measurements of plants grown in the presence of biofertilizers :
 - i) Root length ii) Shoot length iii) Fresh weight iv) Dry weight

Internal evaluation: 20 marks: External evaluation: 30 marks

1) CIA : 8 marks 1) Experiment I : 15marks

2) Model : 8 marks 2) Experiment II : 10 marks

3) Record : 4 marks 3) Record : 05 marks

SEMESTER – III & IV

CORE BIOCHEMISTRY PRACTICAL - III

Instructional Hrs: 90 Hrs. Sub. Code: 17BCUCP03

Max. Marks: CIA -40; ESE -60 Credits: 4

I. ENZYME KINETICS

- 1. Preparation of Buffer solution Phosphate and citrate buffer.
- 2. Determination of pH of buffer solution using pH meter.

A. TITRIMETRY

- 1. Effect of pH on the activity of Catalase.
- 2. Effect of substrate concentration on the activity of Catalase.
- 3. Effect of temperature on the activity of Catalase.
- 4. Effect of enzyme concentration on the activity of Catalase.

B. COLORIMETRY/ SRECTROPHOTOMETRY

- 1. Effect of pH on the activity of Acid phosphatase.
- 2. Effect of substrate concentration on the activity of Acid phosphatase.
- 3. Effect of temperature on the activity of Acid phosphatase.
- 4. Effect of enzyme concentration on the activity of Acid phosphatase.
- 5. Effect of pH on the activity of Salivary amylase.
- 6. Effect of substrate concentration on the activity of Salivary amylase.
- 7. Effect of temperature on the activity of Salivary amylase.
- 8. Effect of enzyme concentration on the activity of Salivary amylase.

II. GROUP EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Circular chromatography (Amino acids)
- 2. TLC (Lipids)
- 3. Phytochemical analysis of plant extract.

III. KIT METHOD (GROUP EXPERIMENTS)

1. SGOT 2. SGPT 3. ALP

DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Internal evaluation: 40 marks		External evaluation: 60 marks	
a) CIA	: 20 marks	a) Analysis I	: 25 marks
b) Model	: 15 marks	b) Analysis II	: 25 marks
c) Record	: 05 marks	c) Record	: 7 marks
		d) Viva-voce	: 3 marks

CORE PAPER VI

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY WITH MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY

Instructional Hrs: 75 Hrs. Sub.Code :16BCUC506

Max. Marks: CIA -25; ESE -75 Credits: 4

SUBJECT DESCRIPTION: This course presents an introduction and provides a comprehensive, balanced introduction to this exciting evolving and multi-disciplinary field.

OBJECTIVES: On successful completion of the course the students should have Understood clearly on various alimentary parts of human body

- Learnt more specific on the endocrinal activities
- Learnt the mechanisms and actions of vital organs.

UNIT I 15 Hrs

Digestive system - secretion of digestive juices, digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and fats.

Respiratory system - transport of gases, exchange of gases between lungs and blood, between blood and tissue.

Terminology: (Definitions only)

Digestive disorders - Achlorhydria, hematochesis, achalasia, diverticular, intussusception, ulcerative colitis, volvulus, anal fistula, colonic polyposis, Abdominoperineal resection, Anastomosis, Aneurysm, Banding and Colostomy.

Respiratory disorders – Croup, pertussis, cystic fibrosis, atelectasis, emphysema, pneumoconiosis, pulmonary abscess and embolism, mesothelioma, pleural effusion, bronchoscopy, thoracotomy, tracheostomy and mediastinoscopy.

UNIT II 15 Hrs

Blood - composition and functions, structure and functions of RBC, leucocytes and platelets, hematopoeisis, Blood coagulation, blood groups and blood transfusion.

Body fluids - ECF and ICF, ionic composition of body fluids.

Heart – Structure of Heart. Cardiac cycle.

Terminology : (Definitions only)

Blood- Aplastic Anemia, Erythrocytapheresis, Hematocrit, Thrombosis, Hemostasis, Hypoxemia, Neoplastic Disease, Thrombocytopenia and Von Willebrand Disease.

Heart – arrhythmias, flutter, fibrillation, varicose vein, hemorrhoids, tetralogy of fallot, coronary artery disease, endocardilis, endarte rectomy, extracarponeal circulation, thrombolytic therapy and coronary bypass surgery (CABG).

UNIT III 15 Hrs

Nervous system - structure of neuron, resting membrane and action potential, propagation of nerve impulse. Synaptic transmission [electrical and chemical theory], neuromuscular junction, neurotransmitters.

Eye - structure of eye, photo pigments, physiology of vision and neural pathways for vision.

Terminology : (Definitions only)

Nervous system – Alzheimer's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Bell's palsy, cerebral thrombosis, cryothalamotomy, electroencephalogram (EEG), encephalitis, Guillain-Barré syndrome, lumbar puncture, myelogram, pallidotomy, positron emission tomography (PET) scan and subarachnoid hemorrhage.

Eye – opthamology, chalazion, glaucoma, hordeolum, macular degeneration, retinal detachment, retinitis pigmentosa, strabismus (3 types), astigmatism, hyperopia, myopia, presbyopia, tonometry, goldmann perimeter and slit lamp ocular examination.

UNIT IV 15 Hrs

Skeletal muscle - myosin, actin and regulatory proteins, sarcomere unit, *mechanism of muscle contraction*.

Kidney - structure of nephron, mechanism of urine formation, micturition, Renal regulation of acid - base balance.

Terminology: (Definitions only)

Skeletal muscle – Muscular Dystrophy, Cerebral Palsy, Dermatomyositis, Myasthenia Gravis, Mitochondrial Myopathies, Rhabdomyolysis, Myotonia,

Kidney – Nephritis, Nephrosis, Vesicoureteral Reflux, Cystitis, Urethritis, Urethral Stricture, Cystometry,

UNIT V 15 Hrs

Male reproductive system - structure and functions of testis, sperm and prostate gland, spermatogenesis, causes of male infertility.

Female reproductive system - structure of ovaries, ovarian cycle, menstrual cycle, hormones of pregnancy and lactation, *causes of female infertility*.

Terminology: (Definitions only)

Male reproductive system – Bartholin's glands, Coitus interruptus, Exenteration, Gonadal dysgenesis, Hypoestrogenism, Varicocele, Vasectomy

Female reproductive system - Abruptio placentae, Adnexa, Amenorrhea, Psychogenic, Amniocentesis, Antepartum, uteroplacental, Chorioamnionitis, Hysterectomy and Colpocytogram.

Note : Italics denote Self Study Topics

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. **Chatterjee, C.,** *HumanPhysiology*, Medical Allied Agency Calcutta., 11th edition, (1992).
- 2. Muthayya.N.M, *Human Physiology*, Jaypee publications, New Delhi, 3rdedi., 2002.
- 3. **Sathyanarayana, U**. *Text book of Biochemistry*, Books and Allied Ltd, Kolkatta, 2ndedi.,1999.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Carola.R. et al, Human Anotomy and Physiology, International edi.
- 2. **Guyton**, *Text book of Medical Physiology*, W. B. Saunder's Company, 8th edition, (1991).
- 3. Murray, R. K., Granner Mayes and Rod Well, Appleton and Lange, *Harper's Biochemistry*, 24thedition(1996).
- 4. **Barbara A. Gylys Mary Elen Wedding** *Medical Terminology Systems*, Davis plus International. 6th edition. 2008.