#### **SEMESTER - I**

#### **CORE PAPER - I**

#### **CLASSICAL MECHANICS**

#### **Instructional Hrs. : 75**

Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective**: To provide depth of knowledge in classical mechanics and applications. To equip the students to face the national level physics examinations.

#### Unit - I **Mechanics of Single and Systems of Particles**

Newton's laws of motion - Mechanics of a particle - Equation of motion of a particle - Motion of a particle under constant force and alternating force - Mechanics of systems of particles -Angular momentum of the system - Potential and kinetic energies of the system - Motion in a central force field - Motion of two particles equivalent to single particle - Equation of motion of centre of mass with respect to centre of force - Motion in an inverse-square law force field -Classification of orbits

#### Unit - II **Collisions of Particles and Motion of Rigid Body**

Elastic and inelastic scattering - Laboratory and centre of mass systems - Relations between different quantities in the laboratory and centre of mass systems -Kinematics of elastic scattering in the laboratory system- Inelastic scattering in the laboratory frame - Motion of a rigid body -Euler's theorem - Angular momentum and kinetic energy - Inertia tensor - Euler's equation of motion - Torque Free Motion - Euler's angles.

#### Unit - III Lagrangian and Hamiltonian Formulations

Hamilton's variational principle - Lagrange's equations of motion -Conservation theorems and symmetry properties - Cyclic coordinates - Application of Lagrange's equation; Linear harmonic oscillator, particle moving under a central force, Atwood's machine - Hamilton's equations of motion - Application of Hamiltonian's equations of motion; Particle moving in an electromagnetic field - Phase space - Principle of least action

## Unit - IV

#### **Canonical Transformations and Poisson Brackets**

Canonical transformations - Generating function - Properties of canonical transformations -Poisson brackets - Properties of Poisson brackets - Constant of motion using Poisson brackets -Poisson brackets of canonical variables - Poisson's Theorem - Invariance of Poisson bracket

#### 15 Hrs.

#### 15 Hrs.

15 Hrs.

#### Credits: 4

15 Hrs.

Sub. Code : 16PHPC101

under canonical transformation - Motion as successive canonical transformation (Infinitesimal generators) - Liouville's theorem - The Hamilton-Jacobi equation -*Action and angle variables* 

#### Unit - V Small Oscillations

# 15 Hrs.

Small oscillations - *Stable and unstable equilibrium* - Lagrange's equation of motion for small oscillations - Normal coordinates and normal frequencies - Small oscillations of particles on string - Free vibrations of linear triatomic molecule - Two carts connected with three springs - Triple pendulum - Double pendulum

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. **R. G. Takwale and P. S. Puranik**,*Introduction to Classical Mechanics*, Tata McGraw-Hill (2006), New Delhi
- 2. Charles Poole and John SafkoHerbert Goldstein, *Classical Mechanics*, Pearson Education and Dorling Kindersley (2007), New Delhi
- 3. Gupta, Kumar and Sharma, Classical MechanicsPragati Prakashan (2001), New Delhi
- 4. J.C. Upadhyaya, Classical Mechanics, Himalaya Publishing House (2005) India

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1.John R. Taylor, Classical Mechanics, University Science books (2005), India

2. R. Douglas Gregory, Classical Mechanics, Cambridge University press, (2008) India

#### **SEMESTER - I**

#### **CORE PAPER -II**

#### **MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS - I**

**Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75** 

**Instructional Hrs. : 75** 

**Objective :** Mathematics is apply called the language of physics. The paper provides the core concepts of mathematical physics. The syllabus is so framed that it fulfills the requirements of CSIR / GATE / NET Exams.

Unit-I

Unit-II

#### **Matrices and Determinants**

Properties of matrix addition and multiplication- different type of matrices and their properties -Rank of a Matrix and some of its theorems - Solution to linear homogeneous and non homogeneous equations - Cramers rule - eigenvalues and eigenvectors of matrices differentiation and integration of matrix.

Solving of differential equations Homogeneous linear equations of second order with constant coefficients and their solutions ordinary second order differential with variable coefficients and their solution by power series and Frobenius methods -extended power series method for indicial equations.

15 Hrs. Special differential equations and their solutions

Legendre's differential equation: Legendre polynomials -Generating functions- Recurrence Formulae-Rodrigue's formula-orthogonality of Legendre's polynomial; Bessel's differential equation: Bessel's polynomial -generating functions-Recurrence Formulae-orthogonal properties of Bessel's polynomials- Hermite differential equation- Hermite polynomials - generating functions - recurrence relation.

**Unit-IV** 

#### **Laplace Transforms**

Laplace transforms: Linearity property, first and second translation property of LT - Derivatives of Laplace transforms - Laplace transform of integrals - Initial and Final value theorems; Methods for finding LT: direct and series expansion method, Method of differential equation;

#### Unit-III

Sub. Code : 16PHPC102 Credits: 4

15 Hrs.

15 Hrs.

Inverse Laplace transforms: Linearity property, first and second translation property, *Convolution property-* Application of LT to differential equations and boundary value problems.

Unit-V

15 Hrs.

#### Fourier series and integrals

Fourier series definition and expansion of a function x - Drichlet's conditions - Assumptions for the validity of Fourier's series expansion and its theorems - Complex representation of Fourier series - problems related to periodic functions - graphical representation of FS - Fourier integrals *-convergence of FS*- some applications of Fourier transforms.

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

B.D.Gupta, Mathematical Physics, Vikas Publishing House Pvt ltd. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 2006
 Parthasarathy H, Topics in Mathematical Physics, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd 2007
 G. Arfken, Mathematical methods for physics, Elsevier 6<sup>th</sup> edition 2010
 Sathya Prakash, Mathematical Physics-S. Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 1985.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Rajput, Mathematical Physics, Pragati Prakasam, Meerut, 17th Edition 2004

2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering mathematics, Wiley Eastern Limited Publications 7<sup>th</sup> Edition 1993

3.W.W.Bell, Special Function, 1968

#### **SEMESTER - I**

#### **CORE PAPER - III**

#### ANOLOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

#### Instructional Hrs. : 75

Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective :**The approach is to stress the fundamental concepts in the analysis and applications of

analog and digital electronics.

Unit-I

#### **Semiconductor Devices**

JFET- Structure and working - I -V Characteristics - CS amplifier design - MOSFET: Depletion and Enhancement type MOSFFT - Operation principle of UJT - UJT - Relaxation oscillator -SCR characteristics - application in power control- DIAC, TRIAC

Unit-II

#### **Operational Amplifier**

Frequency Response of an Op-Amp - Parameters of an OP-Amp - Sign changer - Scale changer -Adder- Subtractor - Integrator - Differentiator - Phase shifter - Differential Amplifier - Voltage Regulator - Analog computer setup to solve Linear Simultaneous Equation - Differential equations in Physics - Logarithmic & Exponential Amplifier - Active filters.

#### Unit-III

#### **Digital Circuits and Devices**

Binary Adders: Half Adder-Parallel Operation-Full Adder-MSI Adder-Serial Operation; Decoder/Demultiplexer: BCD to Decimal Decoder-4-to-16 line Demultiplexer; Data Selector/Multiplexer:16-to-1 Multiplexer; Encoder; - Edge triggered and Master slave flip flop -Synchronous, Asynchronous and Cascade counter - Shift registers: four types - Memories:-RAM, ROM, PROM, EPROM.

#### **Unit-IV**

#### Signal Processing & Data acquisition

Wave Form Generators and wave shaping circuits - Sinusoidal oscillators -Phase shift oscillators- Comparators - Schmitt Trigger - Square wave & Triangular wave generators - IC 555 Timer and its application - Signal and Signal Processing - Analog Multiplexer and Demultiplexer - Sample and Hold Systems - D/A Converters- A/D Converters.

Sub. Code: 16PHPC103

15Hrs.

15 Hrs.

Credits: 4

# 15 Hrs.

#### Unit-V

**Microwave Oscillators:** Microwaves Generation *-Multicavity Klystron-* Reflex Klystron - Magnetron - Traveling Wave Tubes (TWT) - Crossed field amplifier and Backward wave oscillator - Microwave Transistors - Gunn Diode

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1.Floyd, Digital fundamentals, Universal Book Stall, New Delhi, 2003.

2.Jacob mill Mann, Arvin Grabel, *Microelectronics*, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
3.Mill Mann & Hal kais, *Integrated Electronics*, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.

4. **S. Chattopadhyay,** *Text Book of Electronics*, New Central Book Agency P.Ltd., Kolkata, 2006.

5. **A.P. Malvino and D.P. Leach**, *Digital Principles and Applications*, Tata McGraw-Hill, Publishing Co., New Delhi.

6. **A.B. Bhattacharya**, *Electronics Principles and Applications*, New Central Book Agency P.Ltd., Kolkata, 2007.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkins and Chetan, Integrated Electronics Analog and Digital Circuits and Systems, Parikh, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Educatio Private Limited, New Delhi, 2010.

2. Anil K. Maini and VarshaAgarwal, *Electronic Devices and Circuits*, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2009.

#### **SEMESTER - I**

#### **CORE PAPER - IV**

#### **OUANTUM MECHANICS - I**

**Instructional Hrs. :75** Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective**: To introduce the students to the concepts of quantum mechanics.

To make them to prepare for state & national level examinations

Unit -I

# General formalism of quantum mechanics

Linear Vector Space- Linear Operator- Eigen Functions and Eigen Values- Hermitian Operator-Postulates of Quantum Mechanics- Simultaneous Measurability of Observables- General Uncertainty Relation- Dirac's Notation- Equations of Motion; Schrodinger, Heisenberg and Dirac representation-momentum representation.

Unit -II

#### **Energy Eigen value problems**

Particle in a box -Linear Harmonic oscillator- Tunnelling through a barrier- particle moving in a spherically symmetric potential- System of two interacting particles-Rigid rotator- Hydrogen atom

Unit -III

#### **Angular Momentum**

Orbital Angular Momentum-Spin Angular Momentum-Total Angular Momentum Operators-Commutation Relations of Total Angular Momentum with Components-Ladder operators-Commutation Relation of  $J_z$  with  $J_+$  and  $J_-$  - Eigen values of  $J^2$ ,  $J_z$ - Matrix representation of  $J^2$ ,  $J_z$ , J<sub>+</sub> and J<sub>-</sub> - Addition of angular momenta- Clebsch Gordon Coefficients - Properties.

Unit-IV

#### **Approximate Methods:**

Time Independent Perturbation Theory in Non-Degenerate Case -- Degenerate Case-Stark Effect in Hydrogen atom- Spin-orbit interaction - Variation Method - Born-Oppenheimer approximation -- WKB Approximation.

Unit-V

**Many Electron Atoms** 

#### Sub. Code :16PHPC104 Credits: 4

15 Hrs.

15 Hrs.

15 Hrs.

# 15 Hrs.

Indistinguishable particles *-Pauli principle-* Inclusion of spin - spin functions for two-electrons-The Helium Atom - Central Field Approximation - Thomas-Fermi model of the Atom - Hartree Equation- Hartree -Fock equation.

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

 P.M. Mathews & K. Venkatesan, A Text Book of Quantum Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill 2010.
 G. Aruldhas, Quantum Mechanics, Prentice Hall of India 2006
 David J.Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, Pearson Prentice Hall 2005

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

L.I Schiff, Quantum MechanicsMcGraw Hill 1968
 A. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, Narosa Publishing-New Delhi
 3.R.Shankar, Principles of Quantum Mechanics, Springer 2005

#### **SEMESTER - II**

#### **CORE PAPER - V**

#### **MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS - II**

#### **Instructional Hrs. : 90** Sub. Code: 16PHPC205

Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective :** Mathematics is apply called the language of physics. The paper provides the core concepts of mathematical physics. The syllabus is so framed that it fulfills the requirements of CSIR / GATE / NET Exams.

**Probability** Probability-Addition rule of Probability - Multiplication Law of Probability- Probability distribution-Binomial distribution - mean Binomial distribution - Standard deviation of binomial distribution - Poisson distribution - Normal distribution - characteristics of normal distribution -Applications of normal distribution.

Unit- II

Unit - III

Unit - IV

Unit -I

#### **Complex variables**

## Complex Algebra- Cauchy-Riemann Conditions-Cauchy's Integral Theorem- Cauchy's Integral formula-Laurent expansion-singularities-Mapping- Conformal mapping- Calculus of residues.

**Group Theory** Definition of Group - Subgroup, invariant group, abeliangroup, orthogonal and unitary groups -Homomorphism, isomorphism - Reducible and irreducible representations - Generators of Continuous groups.

Linear vector spaces Definition and Examples-Real Linear vector space-Uniqueness of Null and Reversed vectors-Scalar Products of Vectors- : Definition of Scalar Product of two vectors, Scalar product for real linear vector spaces, Cauchy-Schwartz inequality-Metric Spaces-Linear Independence of vectors and basis for a vector space-Dimension of a vector space-Orthonormal basis-Vector Subspaces-Direct sum decomposition.

Unit - V

#### **Tensor Analysis**

Definition of Tensors -Contravariant, covariant and mixed tensors- addition and subtraction of Tensors - Summation convention- Symmetry and Anisymmetry Tensor - Contraction and direct product - Quotient rule- Pseudotensors, Levi-Civita Symbol - Dual tensors, irreducible tensors-Metric Tensors-Christoffel symbols - Geodesics.

## 18 Hrs.

#### 18 Hrs.

#### Credits: 4

# 18 Hrs.

18 Hrs.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Arfken & Weber, Mathematical Methods for Physicists, Elsevier 6<sup>th</sup> edition 2010.
- 2. Parthasarathy H, Topics in Mathematical Physics, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd 2007
- 3. **S.D. Joglekar**, *Mathematical Physics*, Universities Press Pvt.Ltd. 1<sup>st</sup> Edition 2005
- 4. H.K. Dass and R. Verma, *Mathematical Physics*, S. Chand & Company 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. 2001

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering mathematics, Wiley Eastern 7<sup>th</sup> Edition 1993 2. B.D. Gupta, Mathematical Physics, Vikas Publishing House Pvt.Ltd 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 2006

#### **SEMESTER - II**

#### **CORE PAPER - VI**

#### ADVANCED COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS

Sub. Code: 16PHPC206 **Instructional Hrs. : 90** 

**Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75** 

**Objective**: The syllabus provides a base for students in high performance computation and visualization software UNIT - I

**Roots of equation** 

Bisection method- False position method - Newton Raphson method - Basic Gauss elimination method - Gauss elimination with partial pivoting - Gauss Jacobi iteration method - Gauss Seidal iteration method - Inversion of a matrix using Gauss elimination method - LU decomposition.

UNIT - II

#### **Eigen values and Interpolation**

Power method to find dominant eigen value - Inverse power method to find all eigen values -Jacobi method - (only 2x2 and 3x3 matrices) Forward and Backward differences - Gregory Newton forward and backward interpolation formula for equal intervals - Divided difference properties of divided differences- Newton's divided differences formula - Lagrange's interpolation formula for unequal intervals.

#### **UNIT - III**

#### Numerical integration and differences

Method of least squares - straight line, parabola,  $y = ax^n$ ,  $y = ae^{bx}$ ,  $y = a+bx^n$  type curves - sum of squares of residuals for straight line and parabola fit - Newton's forward and backward differences formula to get the derivatives (First and Second order) - Divided differences table to calculate derivatives for unequal intervals Newton - cotes formula - (Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's rule, Simpson's 3/8 rule, Boole's rule) - Error estimates in trapezoidal and Simpson's rule.

#### UNIT - IV

#### **Differential Equation**

Basic Euler method - Improved Euler method - Modified Euler method- Runge Kulta fourth order method - RK4 method for simultaneous first order differential equation RK4 Method for second order differential equation - partial differential equation - Difference - quotients - Graphical representations of partial quotients - Classification of partial differential equation of the second

# 18 Hrs.

#### 18 Hrs.

#### 18 Hrs.

18 Hrs.

## Credits: 4

order - standard and diagonal five point formula for laplace equations - solution of laplace's equation (Liebmann's iterations process).

#### UNIT - V

#### Matlab Fundamentals

#### 18 Hrs.

Introduction - Matlab Features - Desktop Windows: Command History, Workspace, Array Editor and Current Directory - *Matlab Help and Demos*- Matlab Functions, characters, operators and commands. Basic arithmetic in Matlab - Basic Operations with Scalars, Vectors and Arrays - Matrices and matrix Operations - Complex Numbers - Matlab Built in Functions - Illustrative examples Control flow statements: if, else, else if, switch Statements - For, while loop structures - break Statement- Input-Output Commands - Function m files - Script m files - Controlling Output.

#### Programming

Charging of a capacitor in an RC circuit with three times constant -Plotting input and output characteristics of an NPN transistor

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. **K. Venkataraman**, *Numerical methods in science and engineering*, National publishing company, Madras 1996.
- 2. **P. Kandasamy, K. Thilgavathy, K. Gunavathy**, *Numerical methods*, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
- 3. **E. Balagurusamy**, *Numerical methods*, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2006.
- 4. Rudra Pratap, Getting Started with Matlab, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.

#### **REFERNCE BOOKS**

 John H. Mathews, Numerical methods for mathematics science and Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2000.
 T.Veerarajan and T. Ramachandran, Numerical methods, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2008.

3. Brain Hunt, Ronald lipsman, Jonathan Rosenberg, A Guide to Matlab for Beginners & Experienced Users, Cambridge University Press, 2006.

#### **SEMESTER - II**

#### **CORE PAPER - VII**

#### **QUANTUM MECHANICS - II**

**Instructional Hrs. :90** 

**Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75** 

**Objective**: To introduce the students to the concepts of quantum mechanics.

To make them to prepare for state & national level examinations

### Unit -I

Unit -II

## **Time Dependent Perturbation Theory**

Time Dependent Perturbation Theory-First and Second Order Transitions-Transition to Continuum of States-Fermi Golden Rule-Constant and Harmonic Perturbation- Collision-Adiabatic and Sudden Approximation- A Charged Particle in an Electromagnetic Field.

**Scattering Theory** 

Scattering Amplitude - Expression in terms of Green's Function - Born Approximation and Its validity- Partial wave analysis - Phase Shifts- Asymptotic behaviour of Partial Waves-The Scattering Amplitude in Terms of Phase Shift- Scattering by Coulomb Potential and Yukawa Potential.

Unit- III

## **Theory of Radiation (Semi Classical Treatment)**

Einstein's Coefficients-Spontaneous and Induced Emission of Radiation from Semi Classical Theory-Radiation Field as an Assembly of Oscillators-Interaction with Atoms-Emission and Absorption Rates-Density Matrix and its Applications.

## Unit -IV

## **Relativistic Wave Equation**

Klein Gordon Equation-Plane Wave Equation-Charge and Current Density-Application to the Study of Hydrogen Like Atom-Dirac Relativistic Equation for a Free Particle-Dirac Matrices -Dirac Equation in Electromagnetic Field - Negative Energy States.

Unit-V

**Quantum Field Theory** 

# 18 Hrs.

#### 18 Hrs.

18 Hrs.

Credits: 4

Sub. Code :16PHPC207

18 Hrs.

Quantization of Wave Fields- Classical Lagrangian Equation-Classical Hamiltonian Equation - Field Quantization of the Non-Relativistic Schrodinger Equation-Creation, Destruction and Number Operators-*Anti Commutation Relations*-Quantization of Electromagnetic Field Energy and Momentum.

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. P.M. Mathews & K. Venkatesan, Text Book of Quantum Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill 2010
- 2. G Aruldhas, Quantum Mechanics, Prentice Hall of India 2006
- 3. David J.Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005
- 4. A Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, Narosa Publishing-New Delhi

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. L.I Schiff, Quantum Mechanics, McGraw Hill 1968
- 2. A.K. Ghatak and S. Loganathan, Quantum Mechanics, McMillan India
- 3. R.Shankar, Principles of Quantum Mechanics, Springer 2005
- 4. Satya Prakash- Kathar Nath Ramnath, Quantum Mechanics, Meerut

#### **SEMESTER - II**

#### **CORE PRACTICAL - I**

#### GENERAL EXPERIMENTS

#### **Instructional Hrs: 113**

#### Sub. Code: 16PHPCP01

#### Max. Marks: CIA -40; ESE -60

#### Credits: 4

#### **Any Fifteen Experiments**

- 1. Young's modulus- elliptical fringes (Cornu's method)
- 2. Young's modulus-hyperbolic fringes (Cornu's method)
- 3. Stefan's constant.
- 4. Thickness of wire by air wedge and diffraction.
- 5. Thermal conductivity Forbe's method.
- 6. Electronic charge 'e' by Millikan's oil drop method.
- 7. Electronic specific charge 'e/m' by Thomson's method.
- 8. Thermistor temperature coefficient and band gap energy distribution.
- 9. Specific heat of a liquid-Ferguson's method.
- 10. Biprism on optical bench-determination of wavelength.
- 11. Determination of Viscosity of Liquid.
- 12. Diffraction at a prism face-determination of wavelength.
- 13. Photo Electric Cell -Planck 's constant.
- 14. e/m- Helical Method.

#### Matlab programming

- 15. Roots of a quadratic equation, solution of a system of linear equations .
- 16. Newton-Raphson method and Runge Kutta method .
- 17. Curve fitting and interpolation.
- 18. Charging of a capacitor in an RC circuit with three time constants.
- 19. NPN transistor Input and Output Characteristics.
- 20. Frequency response of a low pass filter.

# SEMESTER - II CORE PRACTICAL - II

#### **ELECTRONICS**

#### **Instructional Hrs: 112**

#### Sub. Code: 16PHPCP02

#### Max. Marks: CIA -40; ESE -60

#### **Any Fifteen Experiments**

- 1. Regulated and Dual power supply Construction.
- 2. Parameters of Op-amp.
- 3. Wave form generators-Op-amp.
- 4. Wein's bridge oscillator-Op-amp.
- 5. Phase Shift Oscillator- Op-amp
- 6. Active filters-Op-amp.
- 7. Frequency response of an Op-amp
- 8. Sign, scale changer, adder and subtractor-Op-amp.
- 9. OP-Amp : Voltage to current and current to voltage converter
- 10. Analog computer setup for solving simultaneous equations.
- 11. UJT relaxation oscillator& Schmitt trigger using IC 555.
- 12. Construction of Half Adder and Full Adder circuits using NAND gates.
- 13. Construction of Half Subtractor and full Subtractor circuits using NAND gates.
- 14. A.C amplifier-inverting, non-inverting, voltage follower-op-amp.
- 15. Multiplexer and Demultiplexer.
- 16. Decode and Encoder
- 17. Construction of amplitude modulation circuit and to calculate the modulation index.
- 18. Two stage amplifier
- 19. SCR -Characteristics and its applications
- 20. Source Follower- FET.

Credits: 4

#### **MESTER - III**

#### **CORE PAPER - VIII**

#### **CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS**

#### **Instructional Hrs: 75**

#### Max. Marks: CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective:** The syllabus is of immense use for students aspiring for research and other competitive Examinations.

Unit -I

#### **Crystal Structure and Diffraction**

Crystalline state - Basic definitions and crystal systems-elements of Symmetry - Crystal directions -Miller indices - Simple crystal structures(NaCl, CsCl, Hexagonal closed packed structure, Diamond structure, Cubic ZnS structure) -*Bragg's law*- The Laue method- Reciprocal lattice- Brillouin zones -. **Defects and dislocations:** Elementary ideas about crystal defects - Schottkey defect - Frenkel defect - Dislocations - Edge and screw dislocation - Grain boundaries - Dislocations in crystal growth.

Unit -II

#### Lattice Vibrations and Thermal Properties

Vibrations of one dimensional monoatomic linear lattices - Vibrations of one dimensional diatomic linear lattice - Quantization of lattice vibrations - Forbidden frequency band- Phonon momentum - Inelastic scattering of neutrons by phonons -Einstein model of the lattice specific heat of solids - Debye model of lattice heat capacity -Thermal conductivity.

Unit -III

#### Free electron theory, Energy bands and Semiconductor Crystals

Energy levels and density of orbital - Fermi Dirac distribution - Free electron gas in 3-D Heat Capacity of electron gas - Electrical conductivity and Ohm's law - Motion in magnetic fields -Hall effect - Nearly free electron model -*Bloch functions*- Kronig - Penny model -Semiconductors - Band gap - Effective mass - Intrinsic carrier concentration. Unit- IV 15 Hrs.

#### **Dielectrics and Ferroelectrics**

Sub. Code: 16PHPC308

Credits: 4

15 Hrs.

15 Hrs.

Macroscopic electric field - Local electric field at an atom - Dielectric constant and Polarizability - Clausius Mossotti equation - Ferroelectric crystals - Polarization Catastrophe -Ferroelectric domains. Diamagnetism and Para magnetism: Langevin diamagnetic equation - Quantum theory of Para magnetism - Rare earth ions - Hund's rules - Demagnetization of a paramagnetic salt - Paramagnetic susceptibility of conduction electrons. Unit -V

#### 15 Hrs.

#### Ferromagnetism and Anti ferromagnetism

Ferromagnetic order - Curie point and the exchange integral - Temperature dependence of magnetization - Magnons - Thermal excitation - Ferromagnetic saturation order -Anti ferromagnetic order- Anti ferromagnetic magnons - Ferromagnetic domains - Origin of domains - Coercive force and hysteresis. Superconductivity: Occurrence of superconductivity - Meissner effect - Thermodynamics of superconductivity transition - London equation - Coherence length -BCS theory - Flux quantization - Type I and Type II superconductors - Josephson superconductor tunneling - DC and AC Josephson effect.

#### Note : Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Gupta and Kumar, Solid State Physics, Pragathi Prakashan, Meerut, 2005. (Unit I,II and III) .
- 2. Kittel. C,Introduction to Solid State Physics, 5th Edition, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 1977. (Unit IV and V).
- 3. Dekkar. A.J., Solid State Physics, Mac. Millan, Madras, 1971.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. A.M.Wahab., Solid State Physics: Structure and properties of materials,2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2007.

2. Blackmore.J.S., Solid State Physics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge London, 1974.

3. Gupta.H.C., Solid State Physics, Vikas Publishing House, 1995.

4. Woolfson.M.N., An introduction to X- Ray crystallography, Vikas Publishing limited, 1978.

5. Saxena.B.S., Gupta.R.C. and Saxena.P.N., Solid State Physics, Pragati Prakasham Meerut.2005.

#### **SEMESTER - III**

### **CORE PAPER -IX**

#### ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS AND WAVES

#### **Instructional Hrs. :90**

#### Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective :**To introduce the students to the basic concepts of Electromagnetic theory .To make them prepare for state & national level physics examinations.

Unit- I

### Electrostatics

*Columb's law*- surface, line and volume charge distributions - Gauss' Law and its applications; Electrostatic potential - Laplace and Poisson equations - Potential of a localised charged distributions- Laplace equation in one, two and three dimensions - Boundary conditions and Uniqueness theorems.

Unit- II

#### Magnetostatics

# Lorentz force law- Biot-Savart law - condition for steady electric current - Ampere's law - *Application of Ampere's law*-Ampere's circuital Law - Magnetic vector and Scalar potential - Magneto static boundary conditions- comparison of Magnetostatics and Electrostatics

Unit -III

#### Electrodynamics

# Electromotive force *-ohms law-* Faradays law - Induced electric field - Energy in magnetic fields - Maxwell's equation in free space - Magnetic charge - Maxwells equation in matter - Boundary conditions - Conservation laws -Conservation of energy- Poynting's theorem - conservation of momentum .

#### Unit -IV

## Electromagnetic waves & interaction with matter

Electromagnetic waves in vacuum - Energy and momentum of EMW - EMW in matter - Propagation in linear media - Reflection and transmission at Normal incidence - Reflection and Transmission at Oblique incidence - Implications: Laws of incidence and reflectance, snell's law, *Brewster law*- Freshnel's equations.

UNIT V

# Sub. Code : 16PHPC309

Credits: 4

18 Hrs.

18 Hrs.

18 Hrs.

#### 18 Hrs.

**Relativistic electrodynamics:** *Four vectors*- Transformation relation for charge and current densities - for electromagnetic potentials -Covariant from of inhomogeneous wave equations - Field equations in terms of four vectors - Transformation selection for field vector E and B covariant form of Lorenz force law.

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Griffiths.D., Introduction toElectrodynamics, Percentice Hall of India, 1984.
- 2. Richard Feyman, Lectures, Vol. 2,
- 3.Jackson , Classical electrodynamics, Wiley & sons, New York ,2004.

4. Sathya Prakash, *Electromagnetic theory and Electrodynamics*, K.N.Ram Nath & Co, Meerut, 2006.

5. Chopra&Agarwal, Electromagnetic theory, Nath & co, Meerut 2004,

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Jordon & Balenar, Prentice, EMW radiating systems, Percentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

2. Julius Adams Stratton, *Electromagnetic theory*, IEEE Press, Piscataway, 2007.

3. J.D. Jackson, Classical Electrodynamics

4. Hans Ohanian, *Classical Electrodynamics*, (ISBN-13:9780977858279) (ISBN-10:0977858278)

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

#### **CORE PAPER - X**

#### NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS

#### **Instructional Hrs. :90**

#### Sub. Code: 16PHPC410

Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective** : To introduce the students to the basic concepts of Thermodynamics . To make them prepare for state & national level physics examinations.

Unit -I

#### **Nuclear force and Binding**

Properties of Nuclear Force - Ground state properties of Deuteron - Square well solution of Deuteron - Low energy, neutron proton scattering - Limits of energy for the scattering of different partial waves - Binding energy - Weizacker's semi empirical mass formula -Application of semi empirical formula for alpha decay - mass parabola for stability of nuclei against beta decay - Evidence of shell effects - Single particle energy levels for infinite square well, harmonic oscillator with spin orbit potential - Application of shell model for spin and parity

Unit -II

#### **Radioactive disintegration**

Properties of radioactive rays - Law of radioactivity - Half life and mean life-Radioactive equilibrium - Radioactive series - Range of alpha particles - Alpha spectrum and Fine structure -Alpha-Particle Disintegration Energy- Gamow's theory of Alpha decay - Energetics of Beta decay - Beta-Ray Spectra- Pauli's neutrino hypothesis - Properties of neutrino - Gamma emission - Selection rules - internal conversion - Fission process on the basis of liquid drop model - Nuclear fission energetics - Stability limits against spontaneous fission - Potential for fission - Bohr-Wheeler model

Unit -III

#### Nuclear reactions

Types of nuclear reaction - Conservation laws in nuclear reactions - Balance of Mass and Energy in nuclear reactions - The Q equation and its solution - Proton, deuteron, neutron and alpha induced reactions - Cross section of nuclear reactions - Separation of center of mass motion in two body problem - Partial wave method for scattering and reaction cross section - Compound nucleus hypothesis - Breit Wigner one level formula

Unit -IV

## 18 Hrs.

## Credits: 4

18 Hrs.

#### 18 Hrs.

#### **Neutron Physics and detectors**

Properties of neutron - Classification of neutrons according to energy - Sources of neutron -Neutron detectors - Neutron multiplication and fission chain reaction - Four factor formula -Reactor materials - Geiger Muller counter -Semi conductor detectors (Diffused junction detector, Surface barrier detector) - Uses of semiconductor detectors - Scintillation detector

Unit- V

#### 18 Hrs.

#### **Particle Physics**

Meson Physics - Yukawa's hypothesis - Properties of Pi mesons - Classification of elementary particles -- Particle Interaction types - Feynman diagram for electromagnetic interaction, np interaction, weak decays - Symmetry and Conservation laws - Energy and momentum - Angular momentum - Parity - Baryon number - Lepton number - Isospin - Strangeness and Charm - Quark model - Isospin versus strangeness chart (Super multiplet) of mesons and baryons, three quark triplet, quark anti quark couplings

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. S.N. Ghosal, Nuclear Physics, S. Chand Company Ltd (2010)
- 2. D.C. Tayal, Nuclear Physics, Himalaya Publishing House Ltd.,
- 3. Pandya and Yadav, Elements of Nuclear Physics, Nath & Co, Meerut, 1983,

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. S.B. Patel, Nuclear Physics an Introduction, New Age international Publishers, 2009
- 2. K.S. Krane, Introductory Nuclear Physics, Wiley India Ltd.,
- 3. I. Kaplan, Nuclear Physicss, Narosa Publishing House 2002

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

#### **CORE PAPER - XI**

#### **MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY**

#### **Instructional Hrs. :90**

Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective :**To introduce the students to the basic concepts of Spectroscopy .To make them prepare for state & national level physics examinations.

Unit-I

#### **Microwave and Raman Spectroscopy**

Rotation of molecules and their spectra - diatomic molecules - intensity of line spectra - the effect of isotropic substitution - non-rigid rotator and their spectra - polyatomic molecules (linear and symmetric top molecules) - Classical theory of Raman effect - pure rotational Raman spectra (linear and symmetric top molecules).

#### Unit-II

#### Infra-red and Raman Spectroscopy

The energy of diatomic molecules - Simple Harmonic Oscillator - the Anharmonic oscillator - the diatomic vibrating rotator - vibration-rotation spectrum of carbon monoxide - breakdown of Born-Oppenheimer approximation - the vibrations of polyatomic molecules - influence of rotation on the spectra of polyatomic molecules (linear and symmetric top molecules) - Raman activity of vibrations - vibrational Raman spectra - vibrations of Spherical top molecules.

#### Unit-III

#### **Electronic Spectroscopy of Atoms**

Electronic wave function and atomic quantum numbers - hydrogen spectrum -orbital, spin and total angular momentum - fine structure of hydrogen atom - many electron spectrum: Lithium atom spectrum, angular momentum of many electrons - term symbols - the spectrum of helium and alkaline earths - equivalent and non equivalent electrons - basics of X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy.

#### **Unit-IV**

#### **Electronic Spectroscopy of Molecules**

Diatomic molecular spectra: Born-Oppenheimer approximation - vibrational spectra and their progressions - Franck-Condon principle - dissociation energy and their products - rotational fine structure of electronic-vibration transition - molecular orbital theory - the spectrum of molecular hydrogen - change of shape on excitation - chemical analysis by electronic spectroscopy - reemission of energy - fundamentals of UV photoelectron spectroscopy.

#### 18 Hrs.

18 Hrs.

#### 18 Hrs.

Sub. Code : 16PHPC411

18 Hrs.

Credits: 4

#### Unit-V

#### 18 Hrs.

#### **Spin Resonance Spectroscopy**

Spin and magnetic field interaction - Larmor precession - relaxation time - spin-spin relaxation - spin-lattice relaxation - NMR chemical shift - coupling constants - coupling between nuclei - chemical analysis by NMR - NMR for nuclei other than hydrogen - ESR spectroscopy - fine structure in ESR.

#### Note : Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. Aruldhas.G, *Molecular structure and spectroscopy*, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, New Delhi,2008.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Gupta., Kumar., Sharma., Spectroscopy, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 2006.
- 2. Gurdeep R.Chatwal, *Spectroscopy*(*Atomic and Molcular*), Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 2006.
- **3. Straughan and S.Walker**., *Spectroscopy*, Vol 1, 2, 3, Chapman & Hall, Chennai, 1976.
- 4. Banwell. C.N., Spectroscopy,, III edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1980.

5. **Barrow**. **G.M.**, *Introduction to molecular spectroscopy*, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1962.

#### SEMESTER-IV

#### **CORE PRACTICAL - III**

#### ADVANCED EXPERIMENTS

Sub.Code: 16PHPCP03

Credits: 4

Inst.Hrs:120

#### Max. Marks: CIA-40; ESE-60

# Any Ten Experiments

#### 1. Arc Spectra

- 2. Self inductance and Mutual inductance of the coil Anderson's Bridge
- 3. Michelson Interferometer  $\lambda$ , d  $\lambda$
- 4. Susceptibility Guoy's method
- 5. Susceptibility Quincke's method
- 6. Deposition of thin film by Dip coating method
- 7. Compressibility of a liquid Ultrasonic method
- 8. Hall Effect
- 9. e/m Magnetron Method
- 10. B H curve Anchor ring method
- 11. B H curve Solenoid, Tracer
- 12. Wavelength and refractive index of liquid Diode laser
- 13. Kelvin's Double Bridge Determination of very low resistance & Temperature coefficient of resistance.
- 14. Refractive index of liquid- Biprism.
- 15. Polarizability of liquid-Spectrometer.
- 16. Thickness of the material using diode laser.
- 17. Measurement of resistivity and Hall coefficient Vander Pauw method

#### **SEMESTER-IV**

#### **CORE PRACTICAL - IV**

#### SPECIAL ELECTRONICS

#### Inst.Hrs:120

#### Sub.Code:16PHPCP04

#### Max.Marks: CIA-40; ESE-60

#### Credits: 4

#### **Any Twelve Experiments**

- 1. OP-Amp : Circuits using diodes Half wave, full wave, clipper and clamper
- 2. IC 555 timer application Monostable and Astable Multivibrator
- 3. A/D Converters any one method.
- 4. D/A Converters Binary weighted and Ladder methods
- 5. Modulation Counter
- 6. 7473 -Up/Down Counter ,Shift Register, Ring Counter and Johnson Counter
- 7. Instrumentation amplifier
- 8. Tunnel diode characteristics
- 9. Square and Square root of a single byte, two digit BCD number.
- Code Conversions (i) Decimal to Hexadecimal (ii) Hexadecimal to Decimal (iii) Hexadecimal to ASCII and (iv) ASCII to Hexadecimal.
- 11. Largest /Smallest number in an array and Ascending / descending order of N numbers.
- 12. LED Interfacing.
- 13. Stepper Motor Interfacing.
- 14. Traffic control simulation.
- 15. Hex Key board interfacing.
- 16. Musical Tone Generator.
- 17. ADC Interface.
- 18. DAC Interface.

#### **SEMESTER-III**

#### **ELECTIVE PAPER-I**

#### **COMMUNICATION ELECTRONICS & MICROPROCESSOR**

#### **Instructional Hrs: 75**

Max. Marks: CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective:** To provide a comprehensive approach to the students in the design and analysis of communication electronic circuit and an understanding of Microprocessor and its applications.

#### UNIT I

Antennas & Wave Propagation: Terms and definitions - Effect of Ground on antennas -Directional High frequency Antennas - Wideband and special purpose Antennas - Wave Guides -Rectangular waveguide - Circular and other waveguides - Propagation of Waves - Ground (Surface) Waves - Sky wave Propagation-The Ionosphere - Space Waves - Tropospheric Scatter Propagation - Extraterrestrial Communications.

#### UNIT II

**Communication Electronics:** Communication systems - Information - Transmitter Channel-Noise - Receiver. - Pulse Communications System - Information Theory - Pulse Modulation -Pulse System - Digital Communications - Fundamentals of Data Communication Systems - Data Sets and Interconnection Requirements - Network and Control Considerations.

#### UNIT III

**Broad band communication system** -Multiplexing -FDM -TDM - Short and Medium Haul Systems - Coaxial cables -Fiber optic links-Microwave links - Tropospheric scatter links -Long Haul Systems - Submarine cables - Satellite communications - Elements of Long Distance Telephony

#### UNIT IV

**Microprocessor - 8085:** Architecture of 8085 -*Pin configuration* - Instruction set of 8085-Instruction types - based on number of bytes, based on operation - Simple programs using arithmetic and logical instructions - Interrupts: Maskable and non-maskable, vectored interrupts. Programmable peripheral interface (8255A) - Interfacing data converters.

#### UNIT V

**Microprocessor - 8086:** Introduction - Architecture - Instruction classification - Instruction format - Data transfer operation - Arithmetic operations *-Logic operations-* rotate, compare - Writing assembly language programmes - Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, comparison of two numbers.

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### Credits: 4

Sub Code: 16PHPE301

#### 15 Hrs.

### 15 Hrs.

15 Hrs.

#### 15 Hrs.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. Kennedy. Electronic Communication, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

2. Taub & Schilling. Principle of communication system, Tata McGraw

Hill, New Delhi, 2003.

3. **Goankar.**,*Microprocessor & architecture programming and application with* 8085/8080, New World International (P) Ltd, 1995.

4. **V.Vijayendran.**, *Fundamentals of Microprocessor -8086*, S.Viswanathan (Printers & Publisher), Pvt. Ltd., 2002.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Gupta & Kumar., Handbook of Electronics, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 1995.

2. Roddy and Coolen., *Electronic Communication*, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2004.

3. Mathur., Introduction to Microprocessor, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1999.

4. **V.Vijayendran.**, *Fundamentals of Microprocessor -8085*, S.Viswanathan (Printers & Publisher), PVT .LTD, 2002.

5. Douglas V.Hall, Microprocessors and Interfaces, Tata McGraw Hill Company.

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

#### **ELECTIVE PAPER-II**

#### THERMODYNAMICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

#### Instructional Hrs. :90 Max. Marks : CIA -25; ESE -75

**Objective :**To introduce the students to the basic concepts of Thermodynamics.To make them prepare for state & national level physics examinations.

Unit - I

#### Thermodynamics, Microstates and Macrostates

Basic postulates of thermodynamics - Fundamental relations and definition of intensive variables - Intensive variables in the entropic formulation - Equations of state - Euler relation, densities -Gibbs-Duhem relation for entropy - Thermodynamic potentials - Maxwell relations -Thermodynamic relations - Microstates and macrostates - Ideal gas - Microstate and macrostate in classical systems - Microstate and macrostate in quantum systems -*Density of states*- Volume occupied by a quantum state

Unit - II

#### Microcanonical, Canonical and Grandcanonical Ensembles

Microcanonical distribution function - Two level system in microcanonical ensemble - Gibbs paradox and correct formula for entropy - The canonical distribution function *-Contact with thermodynamics* - Partition function and free energy of an ideal gas - Distribution of molecular velocities - Equipartition and Virial theorems - The grand partition function - Relation between grandcanonical and canonical partition functions - One-orbital partition function

Unit - III

#### Bose-Einstein, Fermi-Dirac and Maxwell-Boltzmann Distributions

Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac distributions - Thermodynamic quantities - Fluctuations in different ensembles - Bose and Fermi distributions in microcanonical ensemble - Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution law for microstates in a classical gas - *Physical interpretation of the classical limit*- Derivation of Boltzmann equation for change of states without and with collisions - Boltzmann equation for quantum statistics - Equilibrium distribution in Boltzmann equation

# **Credits: 4**

Sub. Code : 16PHPE402

18 Hrs.

18 Hrs.

#### Unit - IV

#### **Bose Gas and Fermi Gas**

Non-interacting Bose gas and thermodynamic relations - Chemical potential of bosons -pressure and energy density of bosons - Black body radiations and Planck's distribution law - Number density of photons and Bose condensation - Thermodynamic relations for non-interacting Fermi gas *-Fermi gas at zero temperature*- Fermi energy and Fermi momentum - Pressure and energy density - Fermi gas at low temperature - Massless Fermi gas at any temperature, Particles and antiparticles

Unit - V

#### 18 Hrs.

#### Heat capacities, Ising model and Phase Transitions

Heat capacities of heteronuclear diatomic gas - Heat capacities of homonuclear diatomic gas - Heat capacities of solids; Dulong and petit law, Einstein temperature and Debye theory - Heat capcities of metals - Heat capacity of Bose gas - One-dimensional Ising model and its solution by variational method - Exact solution for one-dimensional Ising model - Phase transitions and criterion for phase transitions - Classification of phase transitions by order and by symmetry - *Phase diagrams for pure system* 

#### Note: Italics denotes Self Study Topics

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. **Palash B. Pal,** *An Introductory Course of Statistical Mechanics*, Narosa Publishing House (2008), New Delhi

2. Kamal Singh & S.P. Singh, *Elements of Statistical Mechanics*, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Avijit Lahiri, Statistical Mechanics An Elementary Outline, University Press - 2002-Hyderabad